

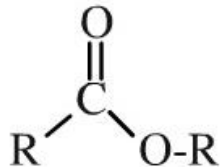
# Synthetic Condensation Polymers

## Chapter 2.4

# Condensation Polymers

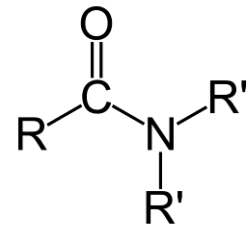
- A **condensation polymer** is a very long organic molecule formed by a condensation reaction between monomer units
- The two most common types of condensation polymers have either

**ester linkages**



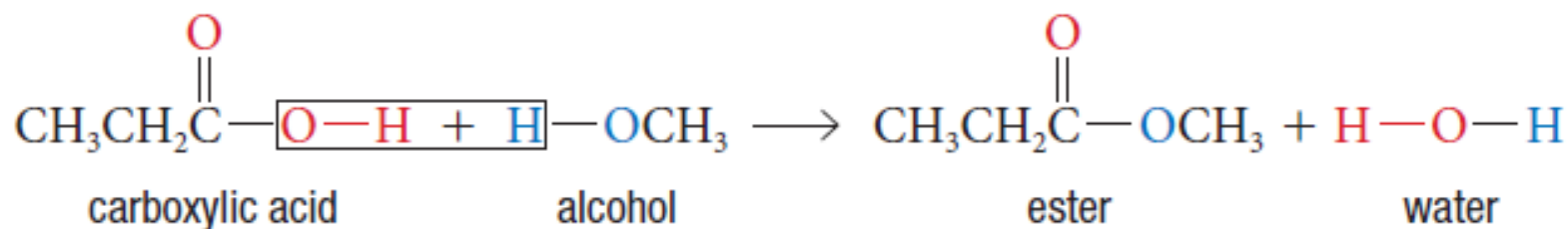
or

**amide linkages**

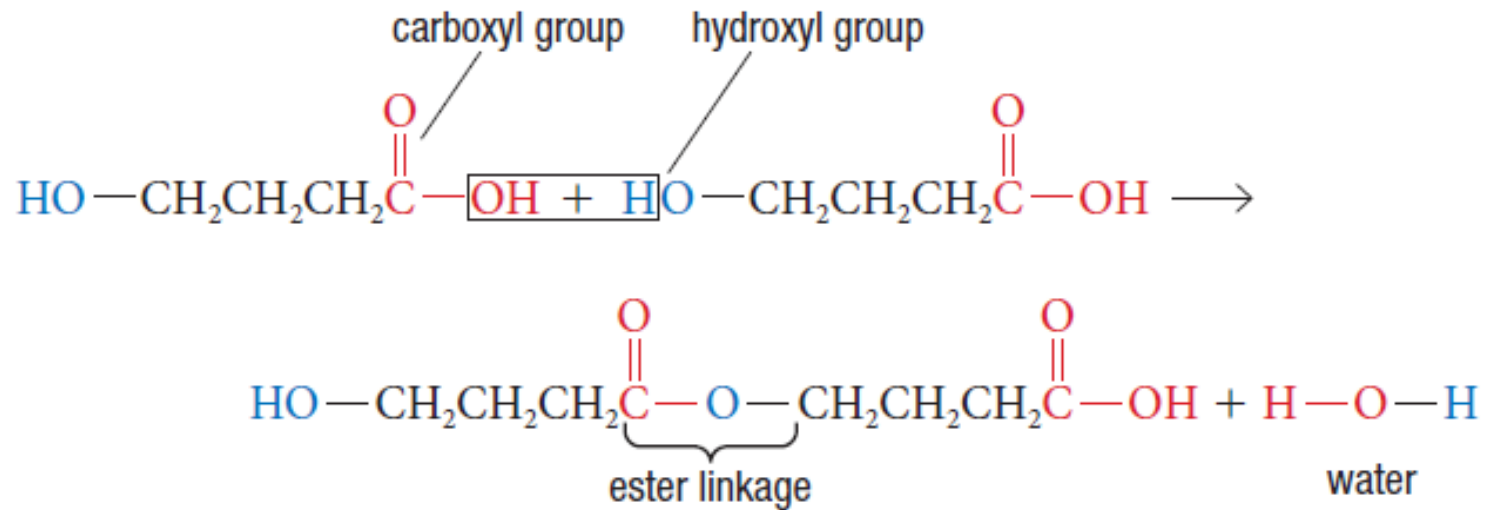


# Polyesters

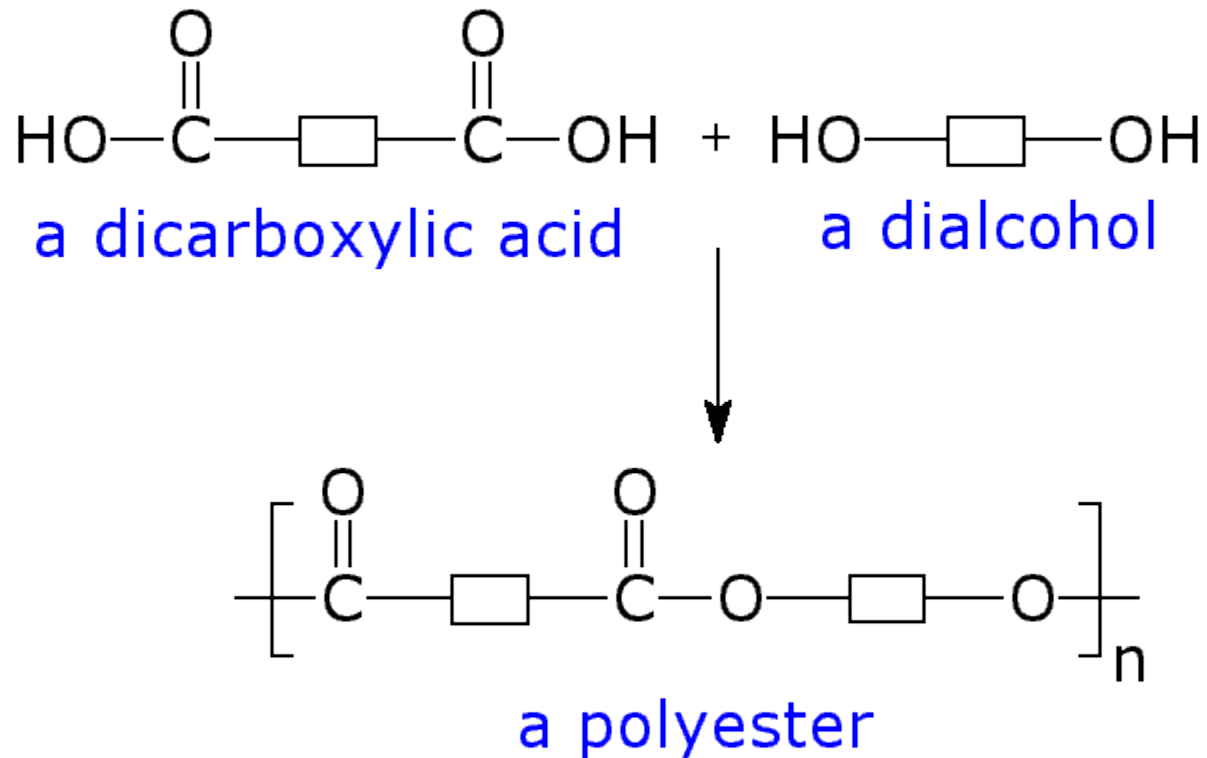
- Polyesters are polymers synthesized through an **esterification** reaction



# Polyesters can be homopolymers

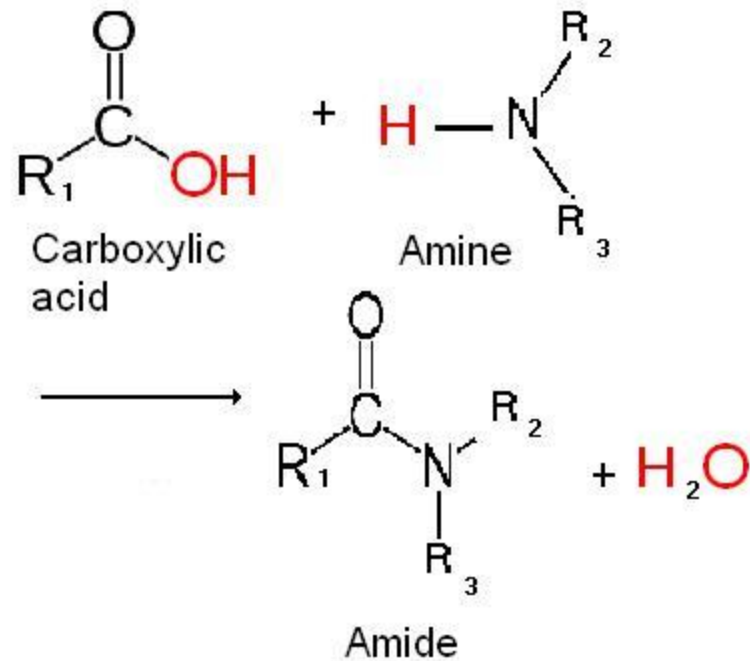


# Polyesters can be copolymers

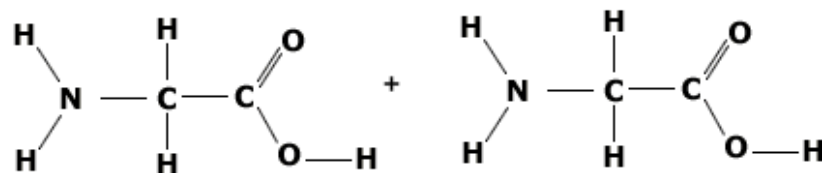


# Polyamides

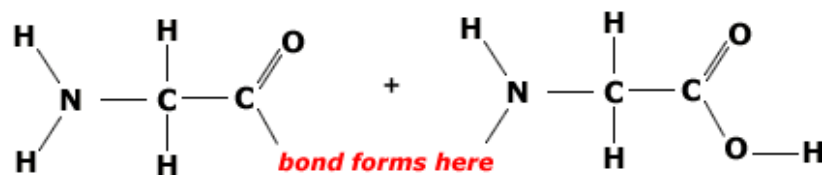
- Polyamides are polymers synthesized by the condensation reaction of carboxylic acids and amines to form amide linkages between monomers



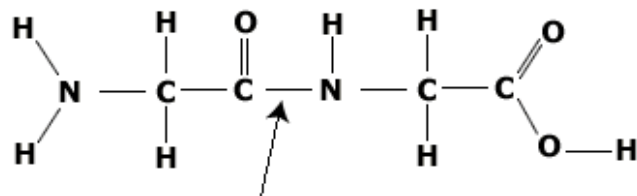
# Polyamides can be homopolymers



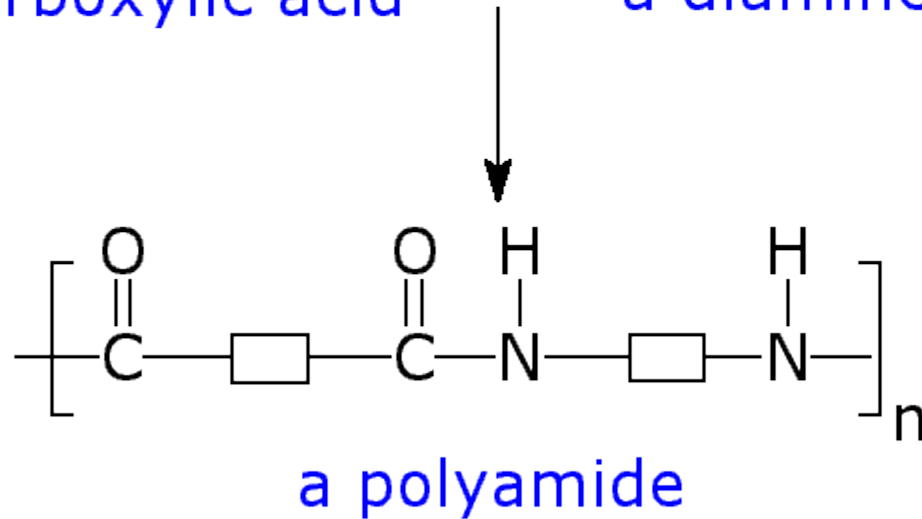
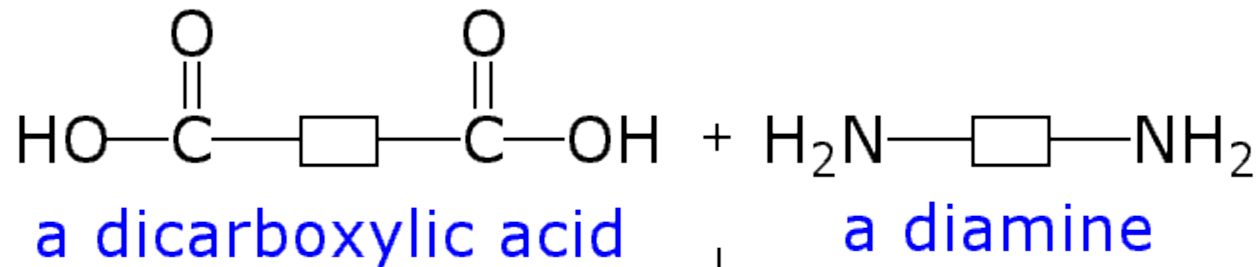
*condensation reaction*      *removal of water*



**HOH** *water*



# Polyamides can be copolymers

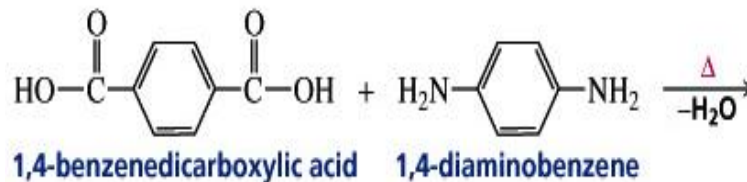




# Practice

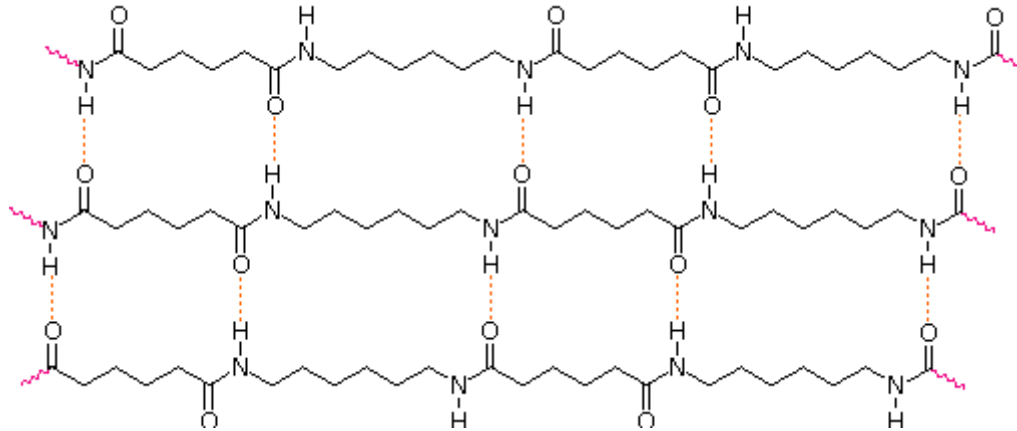
Below is the structure of Kevlar:

1. Classify it as a polyester or polyamide
2. Classify it as a homopolymer or a copolymer



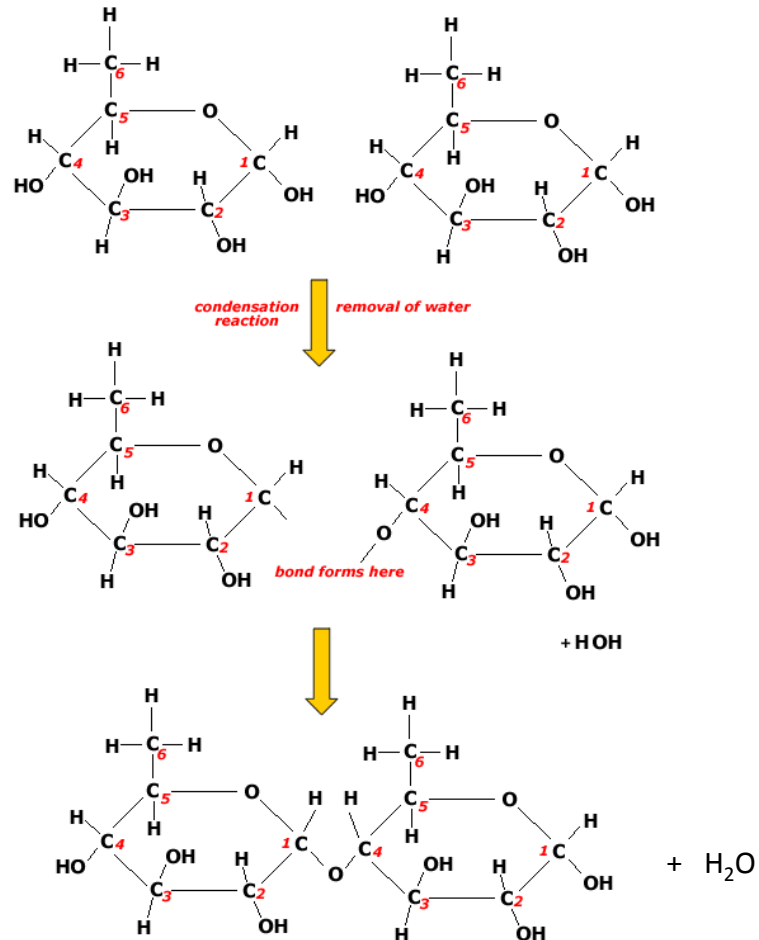
# Practice

Draw the monomer(s) that make(s) up this polymer:



# But wait!

## Aren't we missing something?



# HOMework

Required Reading:

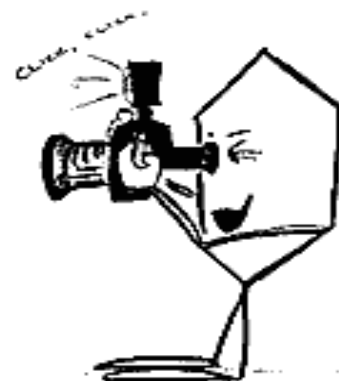
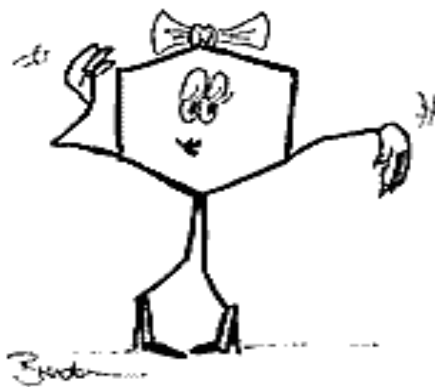
p. 95-99

(remember to supplement your notes!)

Questions:

p. 98 #1

p. 99 #1-9



**Bored with her career in organic chemistry,  
Dolores takes up a job in molecular modeling**